My list of the essential linux commands

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Material elaborated for students and/or users of linux, free to use and share. For any comments, objections and/or questions, please, contact me per email.

May these notes help you in your journey!

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Command Description
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ls Lists all files and directories in the present working directory

ls * Lists files in sub-directories as well

ls -a Lists hidden files as well

ls -l to show file type and access permission

ls -rtl List in detail in reverse order

pwd Displays the current working directory

cd or cd ~ Navigate to HOME directory

cd .. Move one level up

cd directory To change to a particular directory

cd / Move to the root directory

touch filename Creates a file with the given name

cat filename Displays the file content

cat file1 file2 > file3 Joins two files (file1, file2) and stores the output in a new file (file3)

paste file1 file2 > file3 Joins two files (file1, file2) and stores the output in a new file (file3) in a column-like style

mv file "new file path" Moves the files to the new location

my filename new_file_name Renames the file to a new filename

rm filename Deletes a file

rm * Deletes every file in the given directory (!!!!!)

mkdir directoryname Creates a new directory in the present working directory or a at the specified

rmdir / rm -r Deletes a directory echo \$VARIABLE To display value of a variable

echo "Hello" Prints Hello

head -20 file Shows first 20 lines in a file

tail -20 file Shows last 20 lines in a file

diff file1 file2 Shows the difference between two files

wc -l file Shows the number of lines in the file

grep -n "34.45" file Finds the "string" and prints as an output the line number

sed 's/old/new/g' file replaces "old" with "new" globally (g) in the file

echo \$PATH Shows the stored paths to executables

echo \$HOME Shows the path to home directory

find . -name *.txt finds all files in the given directory with suffix txt and prints the path

man Gives help information on a command

history Gives a list of all past commands typed in the current terminal session

clear Clears the terminal path shows the location of the file

chmod u+x bash.sh Adds rights to execute for user

sudo Allows regular users to run programs with the security privileges of the superuser or root

sudo adduser username To add a new user

sudo passwd -l 'username' To change the password of a user

ssh username@ip-address or hostname login into a remote Linux machine using SSH

./program.sh runs a bash script

Ctrl + C Kill process running in the terminal

top Details on all Active Processes

jobs Shows running jobs

kill %number of the process Kills a process